Department of Biomedical Engineering

Office: Scott Hall 4N201  
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Department Head  
Professor Bin He  
bhe1@andrew.cmu.edu

Associate Department Head for Undergraduate Education  
Professor Conrad M. Zapanta  
czapanta@cmu.edu

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Professor Keith Cook  
keicook@andrew.cmu.edu

http://www.bme.cmu.edu/

Biomedical Engineering Overview

Biomedical engineering education at Carnegie Mellon University reflects the belief that a top biomedical engineer must be deeply trained in both a traditional engineering practice and biomedical sciences. The unique additional major program leverages extensive collaborations with sister departments in the College of Engineering and with major medical institutions in Pittsburgh. This collaborative approach, combined with a rigorous engineering education, confers unique depth and breadth to the education of Biomedical Engineering graduates.

Students who elect Biomedical Engineering as a major must also declare a major in one of the traditional engineering disciplines: Chemical Engineering, Civil & Environmental Engineering, Electrical & Computer Engineering, Materials Science & Engineering, or Mechanical Engineering.

The curriculum, demanding but readily feasible to complete in four years, is highly rewarding to motivated students.

Common Requirements for the Additional Major

The Biomedical Engineering additional major program takes advantage of curricular overlaps between Biomedical Engineering and traditional engineering majors, such that the dual major can be completed in four years with only a modest increase in course requirements. The requirements for Biomedical Engineering consist of the core, the tracks, and the capstone design course. The core exposes students to basic facets of biomedical engineering to lay a foundation. The tracks allow students to build depth in a specific aspect of biomedical engineering. The capstone design (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/design.html) engages students in team work to develop real-world applications.

While most tracks are designed to parallel a traditional engineering discipline, a self-designed track allows students to pursue specific areas not covered by the pre-defined tracks. The additional major in Biomedical Engineering should be declared at the same time when declaring a traditional engineering major.

Course Requirements for the Additional Major

Minimum units required for additional major: 
93–102

Student majoring in Biomedical Engineering must meet three sets of requirements: 1) Biomedical Engineering (BME), 2) a traditional engineering discipline, and 3) College of Engineering General Education (https://engineering.cmu.edu/education/undergraduate-programs/curriculum/general-education) sequence. The Quality Point Average (QPA) for courses that count toward the additional major must be 2.00 or better. No course taken on a pass/fail or audit basis may be counted toward the additional major.

The course requirements for the BME portion of the additional major are as follows:

Core Courses (all required)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>03-121</td>
<td>Modern Biology- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-101</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-201</td>
<td>Professional Issues in Biomedical Engineering- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-202</td>
<td>Physiology- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-203</td>
<td>Biomedical Engineering Laboratory- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-302</td>
<td>Biomedical Engineering Systems Modeling and Analysis- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-401</td>
<td>Foundation of BME Design-Fall*</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-402</td>
<td>BME Design Project- Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# Also known as 03-206 for Health Professions Program (http://www.cmu.edu/hpp) students.
* 42-401 serves as the precursor/pre-requisite for 42-402 BME Design Project.

Tracks (Completion of one track is required)

- Biomaterials and Tissue Engineering (BMTE (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/bmte.html))
- Biomechanics (BMEC (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/bmec.html))
- Biomedical Signal and Image Processing (BSIP (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/bsip.html))
- Cellular and Molecular Biotechnology (CMBT (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/cmbt.html))
- Self-Designed Biomedical Engineering (SBME (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/sbme.html))

Biomaterials and Tissue Engineering (BMTE) Track

Overview

The BMTE track addresses issues at the interface of materials science, biology and engineering. The topics include the interactions between materials and cells or tissues, the effects of such interactions on cells and tissues, the design of materials for biological applications, and the engineering of new tissues.

Targets

The BMTE track is ideal for students interested in combining the education of Biomedical Engineering with Materials Science & Engineering or with Chemical Engineering. Both provide the necessary foundation in chemistry and/or materials science. Students of this track may develop careers in biotechnology, tissue engineering, biopharmaceuticals, and medical devices that leverage materials properties.

Requirements

In addition to the Biomedical Engineering core courses, students in the BMTE Track must take the following combination of three courses:

- One (1) Required BMTE elective
- Two (2) BMTE Electives (either Required or Additional)

BMTE Electives

Required BMTE Electives (must take one of the following)

- 42/27-411 Engineering Biomaterials- Fall 9
- 42/612/27-520 Tissue Engineering- Spring 12
- 42-670 Special Topics: Biomaterial Host Interactions in Regenerative Medicine- Fall 12
Additional BMTE Electives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>03-320</td>
<td>Cell Biology</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-613</td>
<td>Molecular and Micro-scale Polymeric Biomaterials in Medicine- Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-620</td>
<td>Engineering Molecular Cell Biology- Fall</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-624</td>
<td>Biological Transport and Drug Delivery- Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-673</td>
<td>Special Topics: Stem Cell Engineering-Fall, every other year</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-772</td>
<td>Special Topics: Applied Nanoscience and Nanotechnology- Fall</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-x00</td>
<td>BMIE Research* or 39-500 Honors Research Project* or 42-661 Surgery for Engineers or 42-671 Precision Medicine for Biomedical Engineers</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The 42-x00 research project (42-200/300/400 Sophomore/Junior/Senior Biomedical Engineering Research Project OR 39-500 Honors Research Project) must be on a BME topic that is aligned to the track, supervised or co-supervised by a BME faculty member, and conducted for 9 or more units of credit.

Some Special Topics and newly offered or intermittently offered courses may be acceptable as BMTE track electives. Students should consult with their BME advisors and petition the BME Undergraduate Affairs Committee for permission to include such courses as BMTE track electives.

Sample schedules can be found on the BMIE (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/bmite.html) page on the BME website.

Biomechanics (BMEC) Track

Overview
The BMEC track addresses the application of solid or fluid mechanics to biological and medical systems. It provides quantitative understanding of the mechanical behavior of molecules, cells, tissues, organs, and whole organisms. The field has seen a wide range of applications from the optimization of tissue regeneration to the design of surgical and rehabilitation devices.

Targets
The BMEC track is ideally suited to the combined education of Biomedical Engineering and Mechanical Engineering or Civil & Environmental Engineering. Both provide the necessary foundation in the underlying physical principles and their non-Biomedical Engineering applications. This track may also appeal to students of Electrical & Computer Engineering who are interested in biomedical robotics. Education in biomechanics enables students to pursue careers in medical devices or rehabilitation engineering.

Requirements
In addition to the Biomedical Engineering core courses, students in the BMEC Track must take the following combination of three courses:

- One (1) Required BMEC Elective
- Two (2) BMEC Electives (either Required or Additional)

BMEC Electives

Required BMEC Electives (must take at least one of the following)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>42-341</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomechanics- Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-645/42-655</td>
<td>Cellular Biomechanics- Intermittent</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-646</td>
<td>Molecular Biomechanics- Intermittent</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-648</td>
<td>Cardiovascular Mechanics- Intermittent</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional BMEC Electives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33-441/03-439</td>
<td>Introduction to BioPhysics- Fall</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-444</td>
<td>Medical Devices- Fall and Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-447</td>
<td>Rehabilitation Engineering- Fall</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-640/42-658</td>
<td>Image-Based Computational Modeling and Analysis- Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-643</td>
<td>Microfluids- Intermittent</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-647</td>
<td>Continuum Biomechanics: Solid and Fluid Mechanics of Physiological Systems</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

42-x00 BME Research* or 39-500 Honors Research Project* or 42-661 Surgery for Engineers or 42-671 Precision Medicine for Biomedical Engineers

* The 42-x00 research project (42-200/300/400 Sophomore/Junior/Senior Biomedical Engineering Research Project OR 39-500 Honors Research Project) must be on a BME topic that is aligned to the track, supervised or co-supervised by a BME faculty member, and conducted for 9 or more units of credit.

Some Special Topics, newly offered or intermittently offered courses may be acceptable as track electives. Students should consult with their advisors and petition the BME Undergraduate Affairs Committee for permission to include such courses as track electives.

Sample schedules can be found on the BME (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/bmite.html) page on the BME website.

Biomedical Signal and Image Processing (BSIP) Track

Overview
The BSIP track addresses bio/medical phenomena based on the information embedded in sensor-detected signals, including digital images and nerve electrical pulses. Students in this track will gain understanding of the technologies involved in acquiring signals and images, the mathematical principles underlying the processing and analysis of signals, and the applications of signal/image processing methods in basic research and medicine.

Targets
This track aligns most naturally with a combined education of Biomedical Engineering and Electrical & Computer Engineering, which lays a solid foundation in signal processing principles. This track prepares students for careers in medical imaging or smart prosthetics. It also interfaces with many clinical practices including radiology, neurology/neurosurgery, and pathology.

Requirements
In addition to the Biomedical Engineering core courses, students in the BSIP Track must take the following combination of three courses:

- One (1) Required BSIP elective
- Two (2) BSIP Electives (either Required or Additional)

BSIP Electives

Required BSIP Electives (must take at least one of the following)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>42-630</td>
<td>Introduction to Neuroscience for Engineers- Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-631</td>
<td>Neural Data Analysis- Fall</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-632</td>
<td>Neural Signal Processing- Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-672</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Biomedical Imaging and Image Analysis- Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional BSIP Electives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>03-534</td>
<td>Biological Imaging and Fluorescence Spectroscopy- Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-386</td>
<td>Neural Computation- Spring</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16-725</td>
<td>Medical Image Analysis- Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-491</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Signal Processing- Fall 1 or 18-792 Advanced Digital Signal Processing</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-426</td>
<td>Biosensors and BioMEMS- Intermittent</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-447</td>
<td>Rehabilitation Engineering- Fall</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-474</td>
<td>Special Topics: Introduction to Biophotonics</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-640/24-658</td>
<td>Image-Based Computational Modeling and Analysis- Spring</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-698</td>
<td>Special Topics- A: Bioinstrumentation- Intermittent</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-x00</td>
<td>BMIE Research* or 39-500 Honors Research Project* or 42-661 Surgery for Engineers or 42-671 Precision Medicine for Biomedical Engineers</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Co-supervised by a BME faculty member, and conducted for 9 or more units of credit.

Some Special Topics, newly offered or intermittently offered courses may be acceptable as track electives. Students should consult with their advisors and petition the BME Undergraduate Affairs Committee for permission to include such courses as track electives. Sample schedules can be found on the BISP (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/bisp.html) page on the BME website.

Cellular and Molecular Biotechnology (CMBT) Track

Overview

The CMBT track emphasizes fundamentals and applications of biochemistry, biophysics, and cell biology, and processes on the nanometer to micrometer scale. Students in this track acquire understanding of the molecular and cellular bases of life processes, and build skills in quantitative modeling of live cell-based biotechnologies and in technologies that exploit the unique properties of biomolecules in non-biological settings.

Targets

The CMBT track is ideally suited for the combined education of Biomedical Engineering and Chemical Engineering, which provides a strong core of chemistry and molecular processing principles. The track may also interest students of Mechanical Engineering, Materials Science & Engineering, or Civil & Environmental Engineering who have an interest in molecular aspects of Biomedical Engineering. The CMBT track prepares students for careers in biopharmaceutical, medical diagnostics, biosensors, drug delivery, and biological aspects of environmental engineering.

Requirements

In addition to the Biomedical Engineering core courses, students in the CMBT Track must take the following combination of three courses:

- One (1) Required CMBT Elective
- Two (2) CMBT Electives (either Required or Additional)

CMBT Electives

Required CMBT Electives (must take at least one of the following)

- 42-620 Engineering Molecular Cell Biology- Fall 12
- 42-622 Cellular and Molecular Biotechnology- Intermittent 9
- 42-624 Biological Transport and Drug Delivery- Spring 9

Additional CMBT Electives

- 03-320 Cell Biology 9
- 42-06-622 Bioprocess Design- Spring, intermittent 9
- 42-643 Microfluids- Spring, intermittent 12
- 42-645/24-655 Cellular Biomechanics- Intermittent 9
- 42-646 Molecular Biomechanics- Spring, every other year 9
- 42-673 Special Topics: Stem Cell Engineering- Fall, every other year 9
- 42-772 Special Topics: Applied Nanoscience and Nanotechnology- Fall 12
- 42-000 BME Research* or 39-500 Honors Research Project* or 42-661 Surgery for Engineers or 42-671 Precision Medicine for Biomedical Engineers

* The 42-x00 research project (42-200/300/400 Sophomore/Senior Biomedical Engineering Research Project OR 39-500 Honors Research Project) must be on a BME topic that is aligned to the track, supervised or co-supervised by a BME faculty member, and conducted for 9 or more units of credit.

Sample schedules can be found on the CMBT (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprog/cmbt.html) page on the BME website.

Self-Designed Biomedical Engineering (SBME) Track

The SBME track is aimed at helping highly motivated students who have a strong sense of career direction that falls beyond the scope of regular Biomedical Engineering tracks, and allows students to choose courses relevant to the theme from across the University. Students are allowed to design the “track” portion of the curriculum in consultation with the faculty. Example themes include medical robotics, neural engineering, or computational biomedical engineering.

Requirements

In addition to the Biomedical Engineering core requirements, students must take three elective courses of at least 9 units each. These elective courses must form a coherent theme that is relevant to biomedical engineering. In addition, at least one of the elective courses must be judged by the Biomedical Engineering and Undergraduate Affairs Committee to have substantial biological or medical content.

If undergraduate research is part of the SBME track, the research project must be on a BME topic that is aligned to the track, supervised or co-supervised by a BME faculty member, and conducted for 9 or more units of credit.

Petition Procedure

1. Students wishing to pursue a self-designed track should first consult with the Biomedical Engineering Undergraduate Affairs Committee. Contacts for the Committee are Prof. Robert Tilton (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/people/faculty4.html#Tilton) (committee chair), and Prof. Conrad Zapanta (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/people/faculty4.html#Zapanta) (Biomedical Engineering Associate Head). The proposed track must include:
   - The three courses of the designed track, including catalog descriptions and when these courses are expected to be taken.
   - A justification of how these courses form a coherent theme relevant to biomedical engineering.
   - Two alternative courses that may substitute for one of the proposed courses, in case the original course is not available.

2. A SBME track proposal must be submitted electronically as a Word document to Prof. Conrad Zapanta (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/people/faculty4.html#Zapanta) at least three weeks prior to Pre-Registration during the spring of the sophomore year. The proposal must include:
   - The three courses of the designed track, including catalog descriptions and when these courses are expected to be taken.
   - A justification of how these courses form a coherent theme relevant to biomedical engineering.
   - Two alternative courses that may substitute for one of the proposed courses, in case the original course is not available.

3. Once approved, the student must sign an agreement listing the theme and the three courses comprising the SBME track.

4. In the event that issues beyond the student’s control, such as course scheduling or cancellation, prevent the student from completing the approved course plan, the student must do one of the following:
   - Petition the Biomedical Engineering Undergraduate Affairs Committee to substitute a course with another course that fits the approved theme, OR
   - Complete one of the regular tracks

Minor in Biomedical Engineering

Associate Department Head of Undergraduate Education
Professor Conrad M. Zapanta
czapanta@cmu.edu
http://www.bme.cmu.edu/

The minor program is designed for engineering students who desire exposure to biomedical engineering but may not have the time to pursue the Biomedical Engineering additional major. The program is also open to students of all colleges and is popular among science majors. In conjunction with other relevant courses, the program may provide a sufficient background for jobs or graduate studies in biomedical engineering. Students interested in a medical career may also find this program helpful.

The Biomedical Engineering minor curriculum is comprised of three core courses and three electives. Students pursuing the minor may contact BME Associate Head (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/people/staff.html#ADH) for Undergraduate Education (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/people/staff.html#ADH) for advice. Students interested in declaring Biomedical Engineering minor should contact either the Associate Department Head (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/people/staff.html#ADH) for Undergraduate Education (http://www.bme.cmu.edu/department_of_biodiversity_en MICROBIAL_MEDIATED_ENERGY_CONVERSION)
Requirements

Minimum units required for minor: 57

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>03-121</td>
<td>Modern Biology</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-xxx</td>
<td>Elective I (&gt;= 9 units)</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42-xxx</td>
<td>Elective II (&gt;= 9 units)</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Some Special Topics, newly offered or intermittently offered 42-xxx may be acceptable as electives. Students should consult with their advisors and petition the Biomedical Engineering Undergraduate Affairs Committee for permission to include such courses.

Notes

# Elective I cannot be a required course in the student's major. It may be
1. Any required or additional track elective course selected from any of
   the four Biomedical Engineering tracks. See the online catalog (http://
   www.bme.cmu.edu/ugprospicalCatalog.html) for a listing of courses.
2. Any 42-xxx course with a 42-300 or higher number and worth at least 9 units.
3. 42-203 Biomedical Engineering Laboratory (or the cross-listed version
   03-206 for students in the Health Professions Program). The course has a
   limited capacity and priority is given to students who have declared the
   Additional Major in Biomedical Engineering.
4. One semester of 42-200 Sophomore BME Research Project, 42-300 Junior
   BME Research Project, 42-400 Senior BME Research Project or 39-500 Honors
   Research Project. The project must be supervised by a core or courtesy
   Biomedical Engineering faculty member and for 9 or more units.

+ Elective II must be a Biomedical Engineering Required or additional
  track elective.

** Priority for enrollment in 42-203 or 03-206 will be given to students
  who have declared the Additional Major in Biomedical Engineering.
  If sufficient room in the course remains after all majors have been
  accommodated in a given semester, students who have declared the
  Biomedical Engineering Designated Minor will be given the next priority
  for enrollment. If space still allows, other students will be enrolled.

Full-Time Faculty

ABBOTT, ROSALYN, Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D.,
University of Vermont, 2011;

ARMITAGE, BRUCE A., Professor of Chemistry, Biological Sciences, and
Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., University of Arizona, 1993;

BARTH, AUSON L., Professor, Biological Sciences, and Biomedical
Engineering – Ph.D., UC Berkeley, 1997;

BEHRMANN, MARLENE, George A. and Helen Dunham Cowan Professor
of Cognitive Neuroscience Center for the Neural Basis of Cognition and
Department of Psychology Professor, Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D.,
University of Toronto, 1991;

BETTINGER, CHRISTOPHER J., Associate Professor of Biomedical Engineering
and Materials Science & Engineering – Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of
Technology, 2008;

BRUCHEZ, MARCEL P., Associate Professor of Biological Sciences,
Chemistry, and Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., University of California,
Berkeley, 1998;

CAI, YANG, Senior Systems Scientist, CyLab, Associate Research Professor,
Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., West Virginia University, 1997;

CHAMANZAR, MAYSAM, Assistant Professor, Electrical and Computer
Engineering, Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., Georgia Institute of
Technology, 2012;

CAMPBELL, PHIL G., Research Professor, Institute of Complex Engineering
Systems, Biomedical Engineering, Biological Sciences, Materials Science &
Engineering – Ph.D., The Pennsylvania State University, 1985;

CHASE, STEVEN M., Associate Professor of Biomedical Engineering and
Center for the Neural Basis of Cognition – Ph.D., Johns Hopkins University, 2006;

CHOSET, HOWIE, Professor, Robotics Institute. Biomedical Engineering,
and Electrical & Computer Engineering – Ph.D., California Institute of
Technology ; 1996;

COHEN-KARNI, TZAHI (ITZHAO), Assistant Professor of Biomedical
Engineering and Materials Science & Engineering – Ph.D., Harvard, 2011;

COOK, KEITH, Professor and Associate Department Head of Graduate
Studies of Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., Northwestern University, 2000;

DAHL, KRIS N., Professor of Chemical Engineering, Biomedical Engineering,
and Materials Science & Engineering – Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania,
2004;

DOMACH, MICHAEL M., Professor of Chemical Engineering and Biomedical
Engineering – Ph.D., Cornell University, 1983;

FEDDER, GARY K., Howard M. Wilkoff Professor, Institute for Complex
Engineering Systems, Biomedical Engineering, Electrical & Computer
Engineering, Robotics Institute – Ph.D., University of California, Berkeley,
1994;

FEINBERG, ADAM W., Associate Professor of Biomedical Engineering and
Materials Science & Engineering – Ph.D., University of Florida, 2004;

GALLETTI, JOHN, Systems Scientist, Robotics Institute and Assistant
Professor of Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D. Carnegie Mellon University,
2007;

GEYER, HARMUT, Associate Professor, Robotics Institute and Biomedical
Engineering – Ph.D., Friedrich-Schiller-University of Jena, Germany, 2005;

GITTIS, ARYN, Associate Professor, Biological Sciences, and Biomedical
Engineering – Ph.D., University of California, 2008;

GROVER, PULKIT, Assistant Professor, Electrical & Computer Engineering,
Center for Neural Basis of Cognition, and Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D.,
UC Berkeley, 2010;

HE, BIN, Department Head, Biomedical Engineering; Professor of Biomedical
Engineering, Electrical & Computer Engineering, and Center for Neural Basis
of Cognition - Ph.D., Tokyo Institute of Technology, 1988;

HO, CHIEN, Professor of Biological Sciences and Biomedical Engineering –
Ph.D., Yale University, 1961;

HOLLINGER, JEFFREY O., Professor Emeritus of Biomedical Engineering and

KAINERSTORFER, JANA M., Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering –
Ph.D., University of Vienna, 2010;

KASS, ROBERT, Maurice Falk Professor, Statistics, Department of Machine
Learning, Center for the Neural Basis of Cognition, and Biomedical
Engineering Interim co-Director, Center for the Neural Basis of Cognition –
Ph.D., University of Chicago, 1980;

KELLY, SHAWN, Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering –
Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 2003;

KUHLMAN, SANDRA, Assistant Professor, Biological Sciences, and
Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., University of Kentucky, 2001;

LE Duc, PHILIP R., Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Biomedical
Engineering, and Biological Sciences – Ph.D., Johns Hopkins University,
1999;

LOESCHE, MATHIAS, Professor of Physics and Biomedical Engineering –
Ph.D., Technical University of Munich, 1986;

MAJIDI, CARMELO, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering and
Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., University of California, Berkeley; Carnegie
Mellon, 2007;

MCHERRY, MICHAEL E., Professor of Materials Science & Engineering and
Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1988;

MINDEN, JONATHAN S., Professor of Biological Sciences and Biomedical
Engineering – Ph.D., Albert Einstein College of Medicine, 1985;

MOURA, JOSE M. F., Professor of Electrical & Computer Engineering and
Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1975;

MURPHY, ROBERT F., Ray and Stephanie Lane Professor of Computational
Biology and Professor of Biological Sciences, Biomedical Engineering, and
Machine Learning – Ph.D., California Institute of Technology, 1980;

OZDOGANLAR, BURAK, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering,
Biomedical Engineering and Materials Science & Engineering – Ph.D.,
University of Michigan, 1999;
RABIN, YOED, Professor of Mechanical Engineering and Biomedical Engineering – D.Sc., Technion - Israel Institute of Technology, 1994;

REN, XI (CHARLIE), Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., Peking University, 2011;

RIVIERE, CAMERON N., Associate Research Professor, Robotics Institute and Biomedical Engineering – Ph.D., Johns Hopkins University, 1995;

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